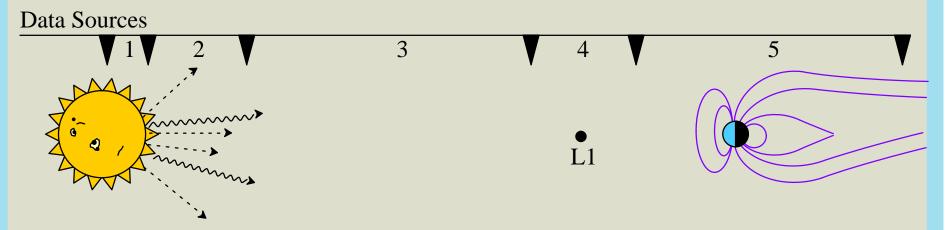
## Strategy For Data-Driven Solar and Interplanetary Forecasting Model



- 1. Solar telescopes and Solar X-ray Imager (SXI) observe flares, and coronal holes (for high speed streams), and magnetic fields..
- 2. Solar/interplanetary model of background and transient solar wind and energetic particles uses solar observations as boundary and initial conditions
- 3. Instruments (SWATH, SMEI, SOHO, SPINS, etc.) confirm and measure disturbances.
- 4. Advanced Composition Explorer (ACE) at the Lagrange point (L1) provides the last warning before disturbances hit magnetosphere.
- 5. Magnetospheric, ionospheric, and thermospheric models use as input the output of the solar/interplanetary model and the data from ACE.

